Designing Net Zero Products using LCA



Presented by

Ms. Arati Bhosale

Director, Greenex Environmental



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- What is Net Zero?
- Is it really achievable?

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Introduction to Net Zero



- Net zero refers to achieving a balance between the amount of greenhouse gases (GHGs) emitted into the atmosphere and the amount removed or offset, resulting in no net increase in atmospheric GHG levels.
- Net zero focuses on reducing carbon emissions as much as possible first, and only offsetting unavoidable, residual CO₂ at last.



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Net Zero Product

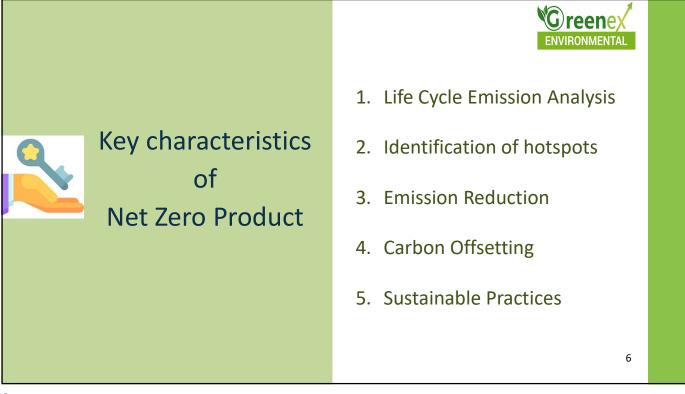


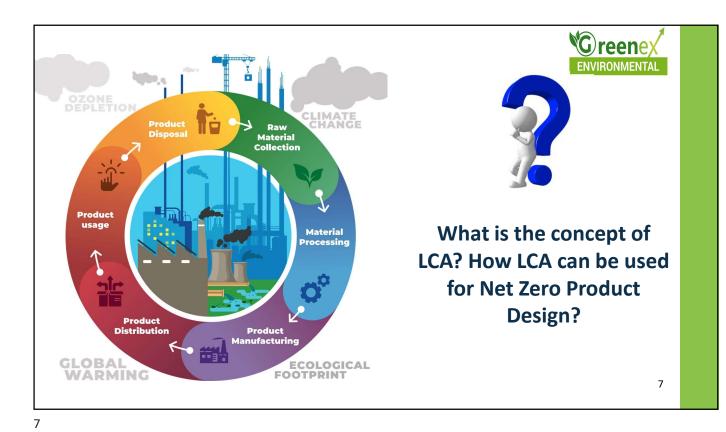
- A product that, over its entire lifecycle, results in no net increase in greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions to the atmosphere.
- That means the total amount of GHG emissions produced during the extraction of raw materials, manufacturing, transportation, use, and disposal of the product is balanced by an equivalent amount of GHG emissions being removed from the atmosphere or offset through various measures.



Raw material extraction Product manufacturing Product manufacturing Distribution (transport) End of life (disposal) Product use Product use

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What is Life Cycle Assessment?



- A systematic method for evaluating the environmental impacts of products, processes, or services throughout their entire lifecycle.
- This comprehensive approach, often referred to as a "cradleto-grave" analysis, encompasses every stage from raw material extraction, production, and usage, to disposal or recycling.



Standards for LCA



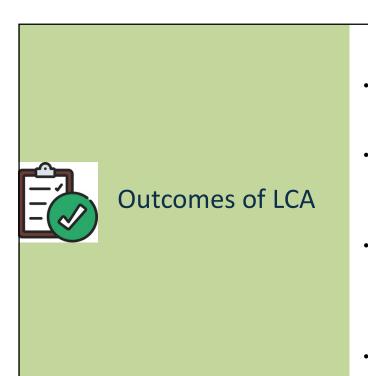
ISO 14040:2006-Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Principles and framework

ISO 14044:2006- Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Requirements and guidelines



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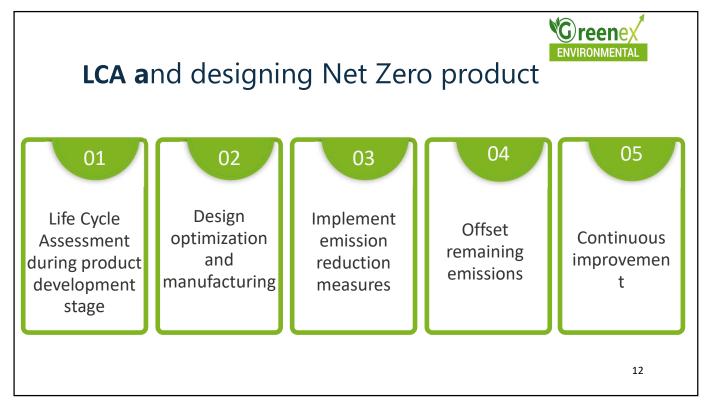
LCA framework Systematic and Structured approach given by ISO Standard Inventory Analysis Goal & Scope Impact Assessment





- Provides precise insights into the environmental footprint of products.
- Helps to identify environmental "hotspots" within the product life cycle.
- Guides material selection, manufacturing processes, and packaging choices to design sustainable product.
- Analyzes the product's impact from "cradle-to-grave", promoting circular 11 approaches to material usage.

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LCA and designing Net Zero product

01

Life Cycle
Assessment
during product
development
stage

- Goal & scope definition to set system boundary
- Data collection and inventory analysis
- Impact assessment using LCA tools
- Interpret the assessment to understand the hotspots of emissions.

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02

Design optimization and manufacturing

 Redesign the product and its manufacturing processes to minimize emissions. This could involve selecting more sustainable materials, improving energy efficiency, and reducing waste.

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03

Implement emission reduction measures Adopt renewable energy, improve resource efficiency, and reduce waste generation. Implement sustainable practices throughout the supply chain.

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04

Offset remaining emissions

CARBON

 Invest in carbon offset projects to balance any remaining emissions that cannot be eliminated. This ensures that the total emissions over the product's lifecycle are neutralized.

> CED REDUCED EMISSIN ONS BY OFFSETING

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LCA and designing Net Zero product

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Continuous improvemen t

 Regularly update the LCA and adjust strategies as necessary to maintain net zero status. Continuously seek new ways to reduce emissions and improve sustainability.

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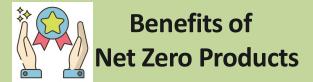
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- Environmental Impact: Significantly reduces the overall environmental footprint of the product, contributing to climate change mitigation and environmental conservation.
- Market Advantage: Appeals to environmentally conscious consumers and can differentiate the product in the marketplace, enhancing brand reputation and loyalty.
- Regulatory Compliance: Meets or exceeds regulatory requirements related to environmental performance and sustainability.





- Corporate Responsibility: Demonstrates a company's commitment to sustainability and social responsibility, improving stakeholder relations and investor confidence.
- Innovation: Drives innovation in product design, materials, and manufacturing processes, leading to potential cost savings and new business opportunities.

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"Let us delve into the intricacies of the upcoming case study and unravel the threads of innovation, strategy, and execution that have shaped its outcome."

- 1) Use of recycled material
- 2) Reduce the waste
- 3) 100 % use of renewable energy
- 4) Recycling and donation
- 5) Refurbishing
- 6) Nike Grind



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Thank You!

Study Nature, Love Nature, Stay close to nature.



109, Ganesh Ace Aracade, Konkane chowk, Pimple saudagar, Pune-411027



https://greenexenvironmental.com/



info@greenexenvironmental.com

